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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/041,789	01/08/2002	Hans-Walter Bielefeld	BIELEFELD	4601
20151 75	590 06/12/2002			
HENRY M FEIEREISEN 350 FIFTH AVENUE SUITE 3220			EXAMINER	
			THISSELL, JENNIFER I	
NEW YORK, N	NY 10118		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3635	
			DATE MAILED: 06/12/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			- 11
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	4
	10/041,789	BIELEFELD ET AL.	
, Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jennifer I Thissell	3635	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period f r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status 			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 J</u>			
· <u> </u>	s action is non-final.		
 Since this application is in condition for allowal closed in accordance with the practice under Interpolation of Claims 			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers	·		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner			
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	ted or b)☐ objected to by the Exam	miner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved b)□ disappro	ved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the companies. 	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	· ·	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	•		,
a) The translation of the foreign language pro- 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been rec	eived.	
Attachment(s)	c priority under 35 0.3.0. 99 120	and/01 121.	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2.	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities: in line 2, the phrase "knurling, punching of the member" should read "knurling, and punching of the member". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 13-19, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tanaka et al. ('405).

Tanaka teaches a hollow plastic section having a frame section 12 defining a longitudinal axis and an interior divided into several chambers by a plurality of partition walls extending in a direction of the longitudinal axis (see Figure 1), and there are a plurality of stiffening elements 18 in the interior separate from one another and without interconnection.

The stiffening elements have a strip-shaped structure (a long, round, strip of material) that is made of fiber-reinforced plastic, the stiffening elements have opposite longitudinal sides (left and right), and an area on the

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longitudinal sides has a means for effecting a positive fit, which is the size and/or the surface of the stiffening element that maintains a friction fit.

The frame section has exterior walls that form visible surfaces, at least two of the stiffening elements oppose one another and are secured to and are imbedded in the inner surfaces of the exterior walls. The stiffening elements are also secured to and form the partition walls which bound the inner chambers, the stiffening elements have lateral boundary planes which don't intersect any visible surfaces of the frame section, and the stiffening elements have a sufficient distance to the visible surfaces of the frame section. The frame section includes a receiving pocket (any of the pockets on the right side in Figure 1) that inherently receives an insertable profile.

It should be noted that claim 6, which recites "the means for effecting a positive fit includes one of roughening, knurling, punching of the member", is considered a product by process claim, therefore, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. See MPEP 2113. The patentability of the product does not depend on its method of production. If the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the same prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed.Cir.1985)

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Claims 1-3, 7, 13, 15, and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by DE 1281664. There is a frame section 1 (Figure 2) and interior chambers divided by partition walls 1a,1b, there are metal stiffening elements 4 that are rectangular in cross-section, at least two stiffening elements oppose one another and are secured to inner surfaces of the exterior walls, as well as inner chambers, some of the stiffening elements extend vertically and some horizontally, the horizontal elements are only in the area of the frame portion depending on which angle the frame is viewed from, and there is a receiving pocket (lower section) that receives an attachment profile 14.

Claims 1-3, 11, 12, 14, and 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Berthelsen ('598). Berthelsen teaches a frame section (Figure 13, E1, E2) defining a longitudinal axis and having two interior chambers and a plurality of stiffening elements in the interior separate from one another, the stiffening elements are metallic, have a strip shape, and have outwardly open punchings on an area in between the longitudinal sides. There is a plurality of partition walls (14,14'), and the frame includes a receiving pocket (top of frame in Figure 13) that receives an attachment profile. The stiffening elements are embedded in the exterior walls and do not intersect any visible surfaces of the frame section.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berthelsen ('598) in view of Arcas ('401). Berthelsen teaches a system as stated above, except for stiffening elements that are anodized. Arcas teaches that it is known to anodize aluminum in order to assist in corrosion prevention. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to anodize the stiffening elements, since placing a coating on metal is extremely well known in the art in order to protect from corrosion.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer I Thissell whose telephone number is (703) 306-5750. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday.

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The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2168.

June 10, 2002

Garl D. Friedman
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Group 3600